

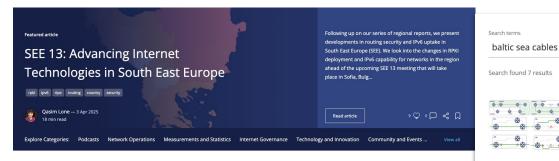
How the Internet routed around Cable Damage in the Baltic Sea

Internet event analysis with RIPE Atlas

RIPE Labs



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Tiago Heinrich • 3 Apr 2025 • 8 min read

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A Deep Dive Into the Baltic Sea Cable Cuts

Emile Aben • 19 Dec 2024 • 25 min read

With last month's cuts in two major Baltic Sea Internet cables now successfully repaired, and another cut having occurred in the meantime, we analyse these events and delve deeper into the question of how exactly the Internet has remained resilient.

Timeframe

Any time

atlas outages research +2

Does the Internet Route Around Damage? - Baltic Sea Cable Cuts

Emile Aben • 20 Nov 2024 • 10 min read

This week's Internet cable cuts in the Baltic Sea have been widely reported, even as attempts to understand their cause and impact continue. We turn to RIPE Atlas to provide a preliminary analysis of these events and ask to what extent the Internet in the region has been resilient to them.

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Emile Aben: How the Internet Routed Around Damage in the Baltic Sea

Alun Davies • 31 Mar 2025 • 2 min read

atlas podcast outages measurements

When two Internet cables in the Baltic Sea were reported as broken last November, we turned to RIPE Atlas to examine the damage. In this episode, Emile Aben discusses what his analysis uncovered about the impact of these and similar incidents, and how the Internet remained resil





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RIPE Labs



Emile Aben

105

886

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About the author

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Based in Amsterdam, NL

I'm a data scientist at the RIPE NCC. I'm a chemist by training, but have been working since 1998 on Internet related things, as a sysadmin, security consultant, web developer and researcher. I am interested in technology changes (like IPv6 deployment), Internet measurement, data analysis, data visualisation, sustainability and security. I'd like to bring research and operations closer together, ie. do research that is operationally relevant. When I'm not working I like to make music (electric guitar, bass and drums), do sports (swimming, (inline) skating, bouldering, soccer), and try to be a good parent.

Links & Social





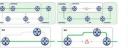




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Newest

A Deep Dive Into the Baltic Sea Cable Cuts





With last month's cuts in two major Baltic Sea Internet cables now successfully repaired, and another cut having occurred in the meantime, we analyse these events and delve deeper into the question of how

Baltic Sea cable damage

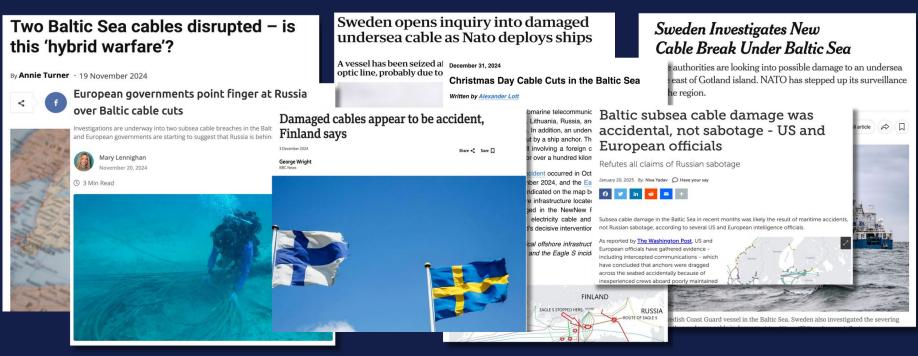


Partial timeline (focus on initial events we analysed) 18 Nov 2024: C-LION1 outage 27 Nov 2024: BCS East-West restored 28 Nov 2024: C-LION1 restored 25 Dec 2024: C-LION1 outage 06 Jan 2025: C-LION1 restored 26 Jan 2025: LVRTC outage **28 Feb 2025: LVRTC restored**

Baltic Sea cable damage

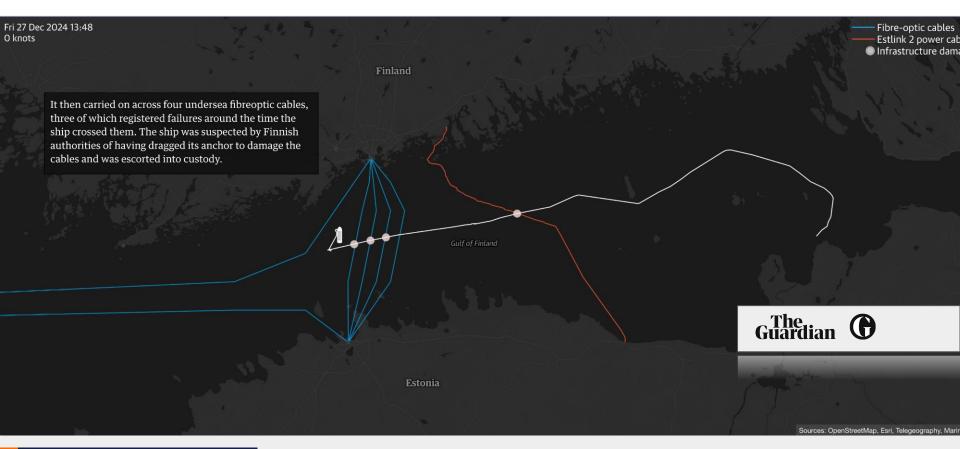


Media coverage



Baltic Sea cable damage





Measuring damage with RIPE Atlas



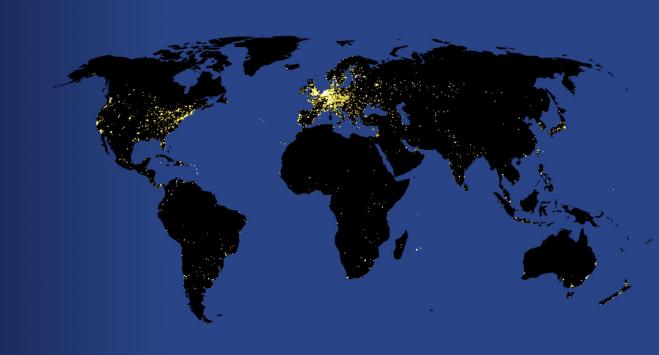
RIPE Atlas

A global network of probes measuring the Internet in real time

13,400+ probes connected

850+ anchors deployed

35,000+ daily measurements on average (both user-defined and built-in)



Measuring damage with RIPE Atlas



Anchor mesh

RIPE Atlas anchors support ping, traceroute, DNS, HTTP/S measurements

Each anchor performs ongoing ping and traceroute measurements to all other anchors at four-minute intervals

Resulting 'mesh' of measurements lets us observe latency changes and packet loss between anchors



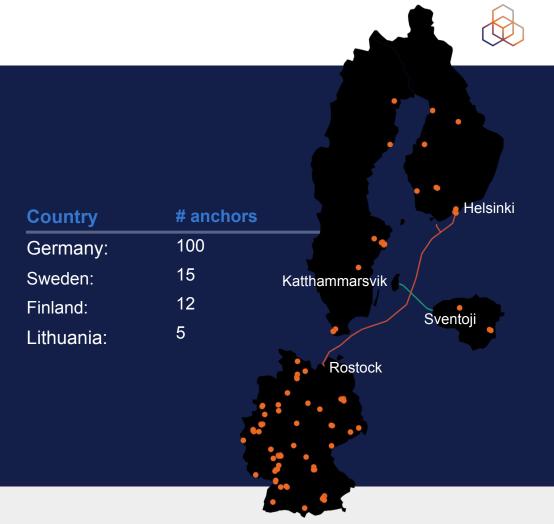
First look

17-18 November

BCS East-West: Sweden-Lithuania

C-LION1: Germany-Finland

We looked at results in the RIPE Atlas anchor mesh between these countries around reported time of the event



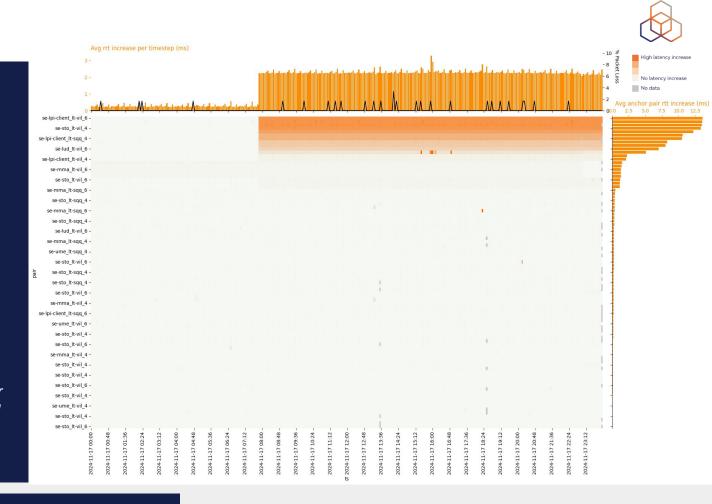
BCS East West

Latency shift

12 hour before/after time of event

Latency increase of approx 10-20 ms shortly before 08:00 UTC on 17 November

We subtract the minimum latency for a path during our observation period to make the latency jumps comparable



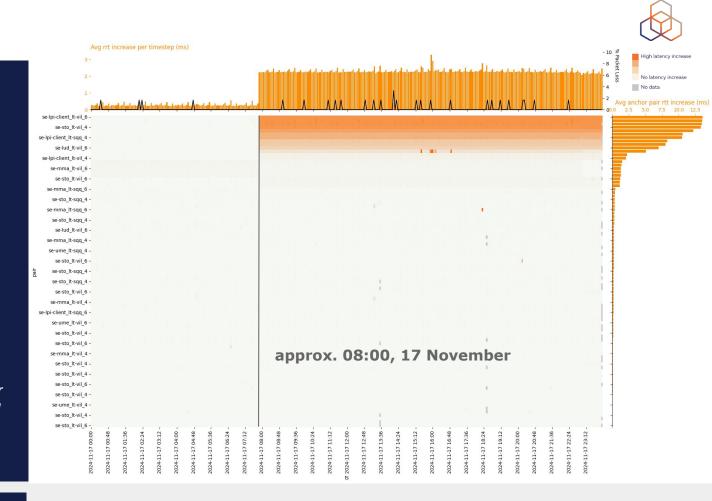
BCS East West

Latency shift

12 hour before/after time of event

Latency increase of approx 10-20 ms shortly before 08:00 UTC on 17 November

We subtract the minimum latency for a path during our observation period to make the latency jumps comparable



BCS East West



Packet loss

Baseline of 0% packet loss (with occasional spikes)



No significant increase in packet loss at time of the cable outage (shortly before 08:00 UTC)

C-LION1

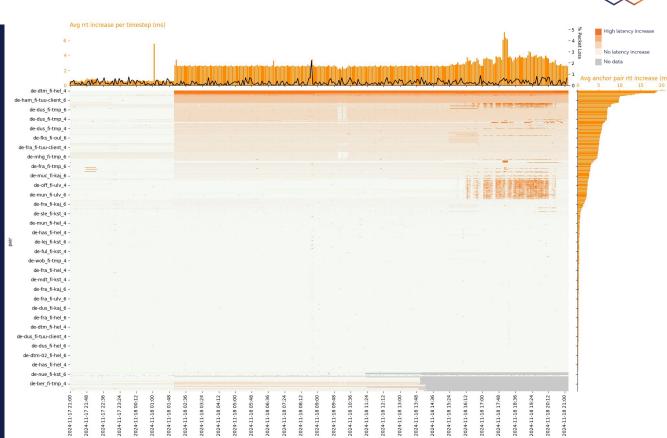


Latency shift

Latency increase of approx 5ms a little after 02:00 UTC on 18 November

Packet loss

Again, no significant increase in packet loss at time of outage



C-LION1

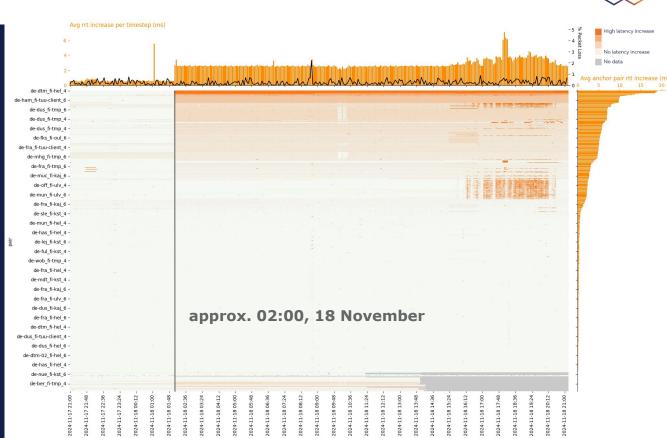


Latency shift

Latency increase of approx 5ms a little after 02:00 UTC on 18 November

Packet loss

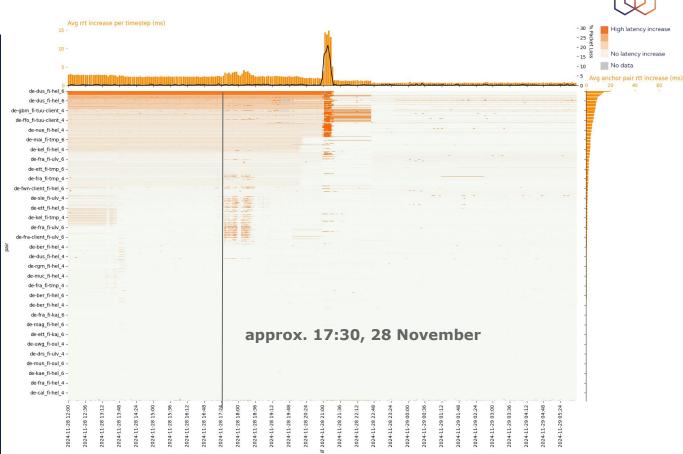
Again, no significant increase in packet loss at time of outage



C-LION1 repair

28 November (17:30 UTC): C-Lion1 cable repair ship reported leaving the area after successful repair

Unclear what exactly causes these latency effects and the temporary increase in packet loss...



Summing up

There was a relatively minor but visible shift in latency for around 20-30% of paths between observed anchors

But there was no concurrent increase in packet loss



Summing up

There was a relatively minor but visible shift in latency for around 20-30% of paths between observed anchors

But there was no concurrent increase in packet loss

The Internet routed around damage!



Beyond the Baltic Sea: ES-PT Power Outage April 2025

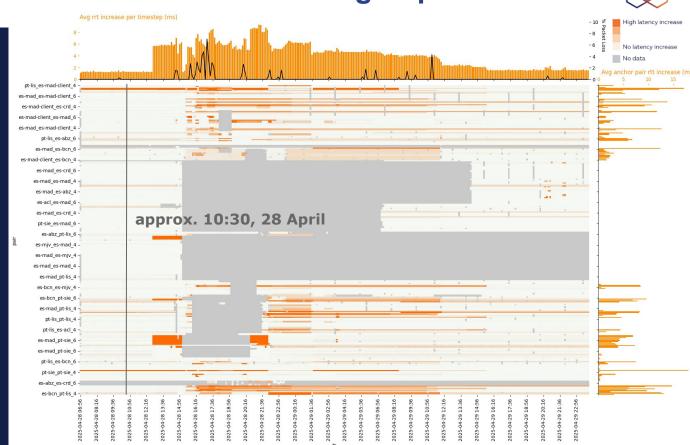


Anchor mesh measurements have broad potential for getting insights into outages

In this case: "Iberian mesh"

However, power outage events are much harder to measure compared to cable outage events

Due to the infrastructure being brought offline by the event itself



Beyond the Baltic Sea

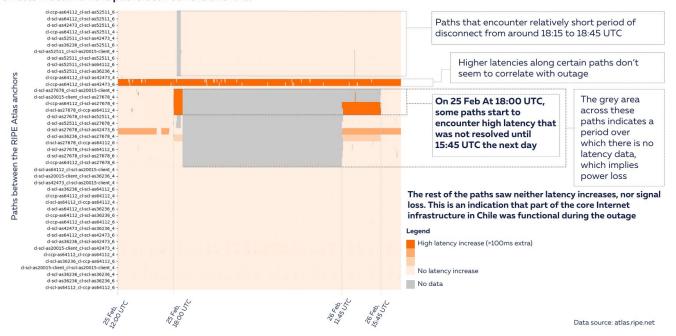


Anchor mesh measurements have broad potential for getting insights into outages

Chile Power Outage



On 25 February, at around 18:00 UTC, a nationwide power outage affected Chile. The RIPE Atlas anchors (Internet measurement devices) in Chile give us a glimpse of how the Internet infrastructure coped with the power outage. Here's a breakdown of the effects we saw on the paths between the anchors.



Deeper dive



Initial analysis was based on ping (end-to-end latency) data

We followed this up with in depth analysis using traceroute data

Aim: to examine how the paths actually changed while end-to-end connectivity was maintained



Levels of resilience



Inter-domain rerouting:

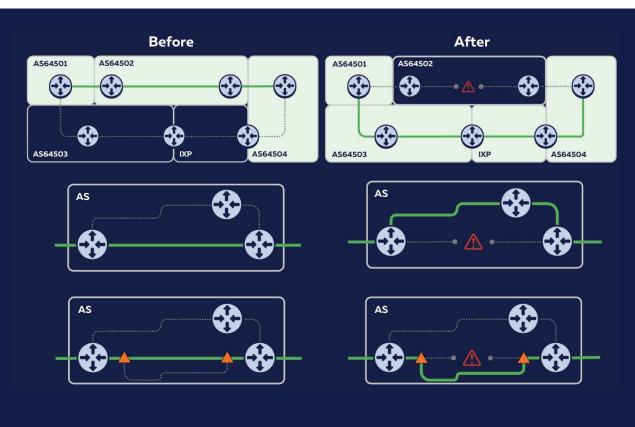
Traffic rerouted through alternative ASes/IXPs (eBGP routing protocol)

Intra-domain rerouting:

Rerouting *within* networks over alternative paths (IGP: OSPF, IS-IS)

Circuit-level rerouting:

Rerouting along alternative circuit-level connections between routers (same IP address!)



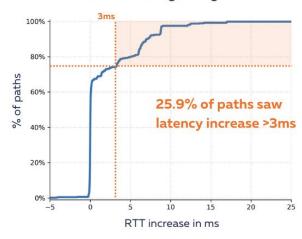
Levels of resilience



Of the 2,141 paths between anchors in Germany and Finland used for this analysis:

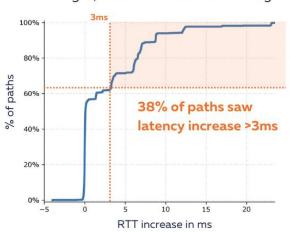
Inter-domain rerouting

RTT profile for **637** paths where inter-domain routing changed.



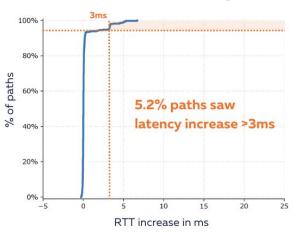
Intra-domain rerouting

RTT profile for **1,044** paths with IP-level changes, but no inter-domain changes.



Circuit-level rerouting

RTT profile for **460** paths with no interdomain or intra-domain changes.



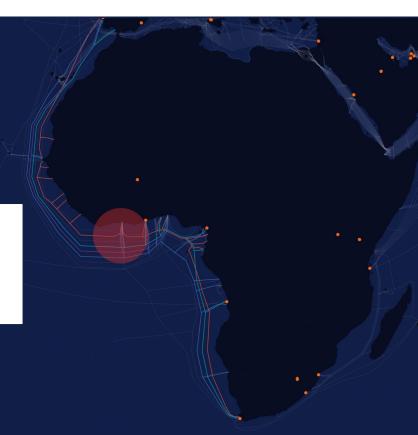
Resilience is not guaranteed



Cable damage in Africa

14 March 2024: Submarine landslide off coast of Cote d'Ivoire resulted in damage across multiple cables:

- ACE: Africa Coast to Europe
- MainOne
- SAT-3: Submarine Atlantic 3/West Africa Submarine Cable
- WACS: West Africa Cable System

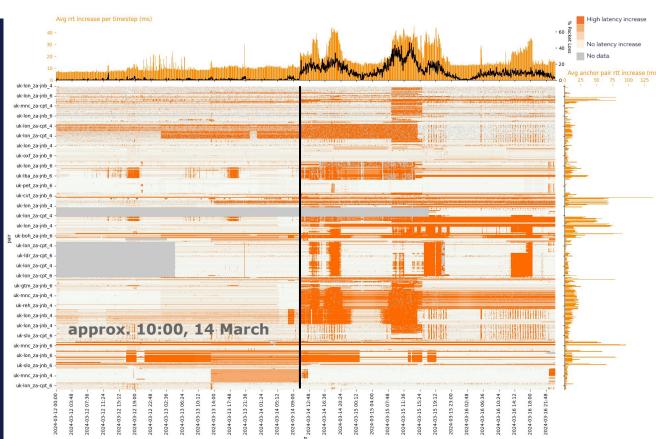


Resilience is not guaranteed



Latency shift with packet loss

Latency increases of approx 20-30 ms accompanied by concurrent increase in packet loss



Conclusions



In the Baltic Sea:

- "The Internet routed around damage"
- Internet resilience depends on multiple levels of redundancy
 - Redundancy between networks
 - Redundancy within networks (circuit and routing)

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Conclusions



In the Baltic Sea:

- "The Internet routed around damage"
- Internet resilience depends on multiple levels of redundancy
 - Redundancy between networks
 - Redundancy within networks (circuit and routing)

But resilience is not guaranteed

We have to keep monitoring, measuring, understanding



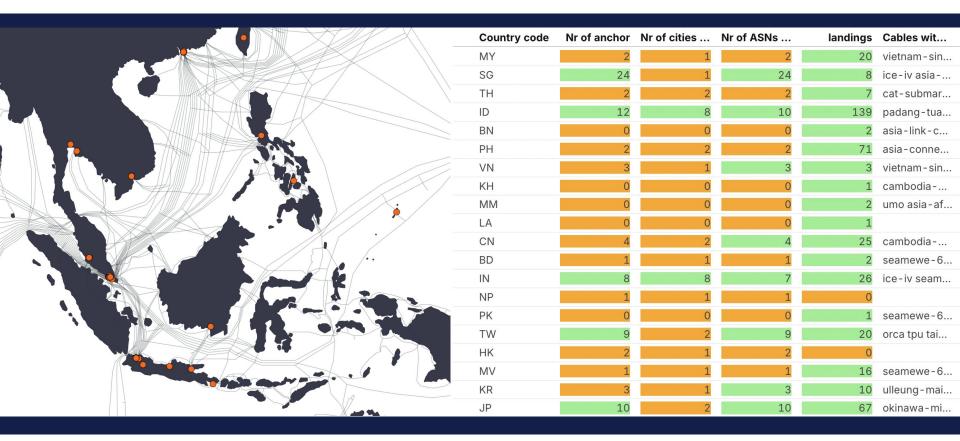




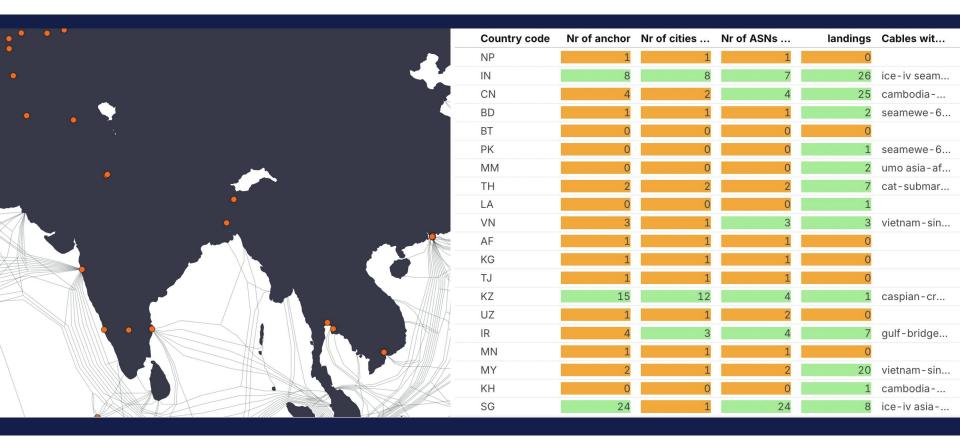


Country code	Nr of anchor	Nr of cities	Nr of ASNs	landings	Cables wit	Cable Count	List of citie	List of AS
AR	4	4	4	3	firmina malb	7	bhi bue ttd v	28109 42
AW	0	0	0	2	celia alonso	3		
BZ	0	0	0	3	arcos	1		
ВО	0	0	0	0		0		
BR	14	9	14	63	norte-cone	18	bhz cci cpv	10417 61
CL	7	2	6	19	halaihai sou	6	ccp scl	64112 20
CO	2	1	2	10	tam-1 mant	12	bog	12008 27
CR	1	1	1	2	tam-1 arco	5	fil	273147
CU	0	0	0	7	arimao gtm	4		
DO	4	4	4	5	antillas-1 ar	6	lav mca ssu	273867 2
EC	1	1	1	7	carnival-su	4	uio	61468
SV	0	0	0	0		0		
FK	0	0	0	0		0		
GF	0	0	0	2	deep-blue	4		
GT	1	1	1	2	tam-1 tikal	6	gua	273149
GY	0	0	0	1	deep-blue	3		
HT	0	0	0	2	bahamas-d	2		
HN	1	1	1	3	tam-1 arco	3	sap	64150
MX	5	4	4	13	carnival-su	11	hmo mex qr	4493 424
AN	0	0	0	0		0		
NI	0	0	0	2	arcos	1		
PA	1	1	1	7	tam-1 mant	9	pty	272037
PY	1	1	1	0		0	vlr	266858
PE	2	2	2	3	south-pacif	3	aqp lim	263189 6
GS	0	0	0	0		0		
SR	0	0	0	2	deep-blue	2		
TT	1	1	1	4	deep-blue	6	ptw	264811
UY	2	1	2	2	firmina tann	4	mvd	28000 6057
VE	0	0	0	0		0		

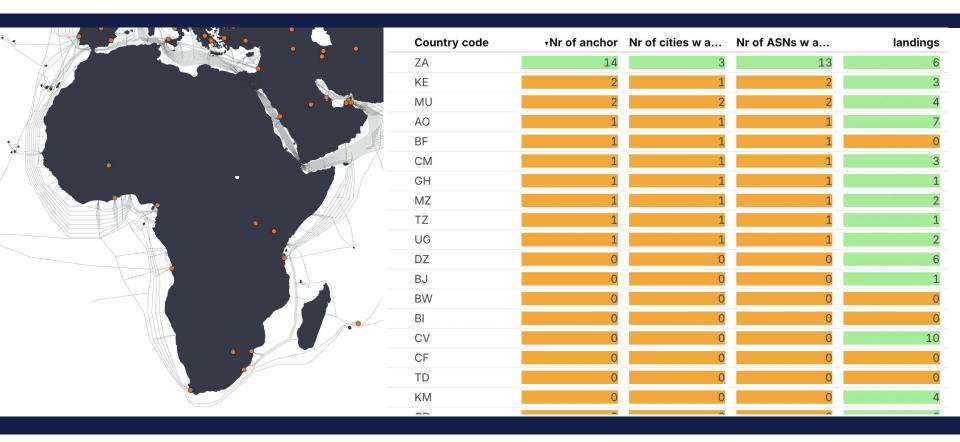




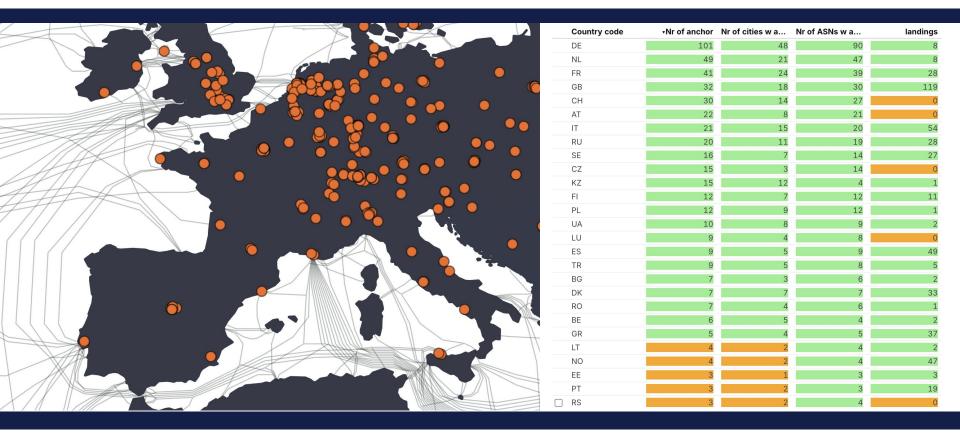




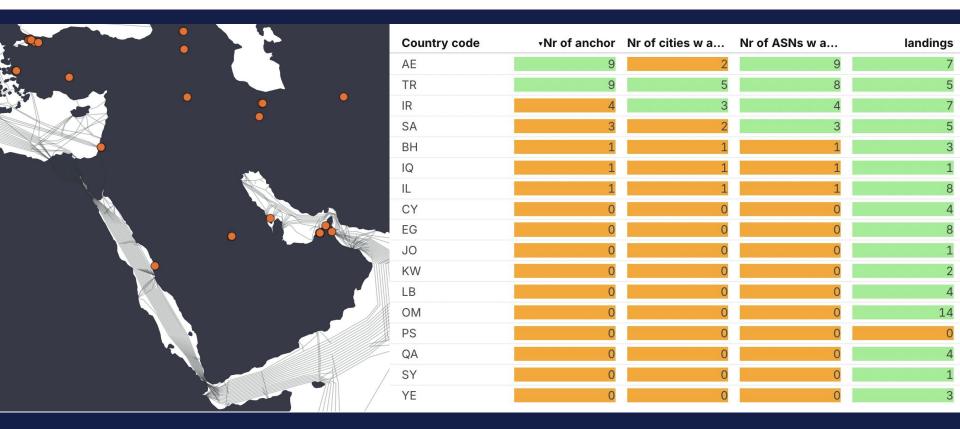














Anchors in the region

FI: 14

SE: 16

DK: 8

NO: 6

LT: 4

EE: 3

LV: 1





Questions & Comments







THANK YOU!