



VTT

Managing Cryptographic Transitions

**Crypto-Agility as an Enabler and
a Challenge**

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16th June 2026 VTT – beyond the obvious

Presentation Structure

- Motivation
 - PQC Transition Landscape
 - Limitations of Current Practices
 - Transition Barriers
- Cryptographic Agility
 - Concept
 - Key Benefits
- Open Challenges
- Summary

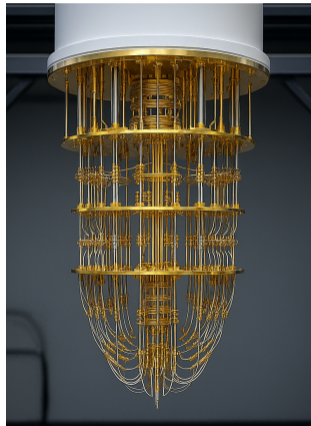
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Beyond
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of PQC

Motivation

Why the PQC Transition Matters

- Public-key cryptography
 - **Confidentiality:** Secure channel via key exchange
 - **Authenticity:** Verify identity and integrity
- Emerging quantum threat
 - Harvest Now, Decrypt Later → immediate impact
 - Trust Now, Forge Later → impact after Q-Day
 - Uncertain timing of Q-Day
 - Exposes the fragility of cryptographic longevity
- Lessons from the past transitions
 - Slow, complex, and operationally problematic

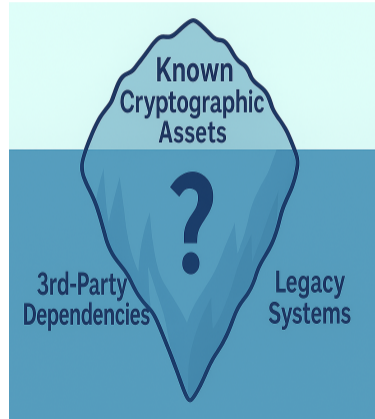


Why Current Practices Fall Short

- All major cryptographic primitives have either been weakened or replaced
 - Technological advances
 - Cryptanalytic breakthroughs
- Past transitions have taken decades
 - DES → 3DES → AES
 - SHA-1 → SHA-2
- Systems often built without considering future cryptographic updates
- PQC transition anticipated to be even more complex
 - Algorithm updates vs. PKI-wide re-engineering
- How do we avoid repeating this cycle beyond PQC transition?

Why PQC Transition is Hard in Practice

- Systemic constraints on the transition
 - Emerging standards vs. shrinking timelines
 - Limited resources and economic burden
 - Operational continuity vs. transition effort
- Organizational inertia
 - Cryptographic maintenance deprioritized
 - Limited visibility into cryptographic assets
 - Lack of structured update processes
 - Shortage of cryptographic expertise



Crypto-Agility Enabling Smoother Transitions

Concept of Crypto-Agility

- **Capability:** Ability to adapt cryptography with minimal operational disruption
- **Key enablers**
 - **Visibility:**
Inventory of cryptographic assets
 - **Abstraction:**
Isolation of cryptographic details from apps
→ crypto-agnostic design
 - **Governance:**
Centralized policies and update workflows
→ controlled and repeatable changes

Figure 1: Traditional case

```
function signDocument(document):  
  
    # 1. Generate keys  
    keyPair = ML_DSA_65_GenerateKeyPair()  
  
    # 2. Get signing key  
    privateKey = keyPair.privateKey  
  
    # 3. Sign document  
    signature = ML_DSA_65_Sign(  
        key = privateKey,  
        message = document  
    )  
  
    return signature
```

Figure 2: Agile case

```
function signDocument(document):  
  
    # 1. Create signing identity  
    signer = CryptoProvider.createSigner()  
  
    # 2. Sign document  
    signature = signer.sign(document)  
  
    return signature
```

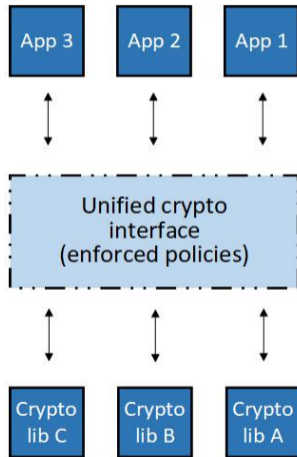
Key Benefits of Crypto-Agility

- Supports centralized management of cryptographic assets
- Flexibility enables resilience in the face of evolving threats
- Enables transition while standards are still evolving
- Policy-driven updates reduce manual effort
- Supports controlled rollback of cryptographic changes
- Crypto-agnostic design abstracts cryptographic details from developers

Open Challenges

Challenges in Achieving Crypto-Agility

- Conceptual fragmentation → no unified definition
 - Vertically across abstraction layers
 - Horizontally across stakeholders
- Lack of standardized design for abstraction layers
 - Heterogeneous implementations
 - Interoperability challenges
- Lack of methodologies for incremental adoption
- Increased architectural complexity
 - Potential expansion of the attack surface



A vertical decorative pattern on the left side of the slide. It features a repeating sequence of geometric shapes: a blue semi-circle, a white semi-circle, a grey diamond, an orange triangle, a black triangle, and another orange triangle. The pattern is set against a white background.

Summary

Key Takeaways

- The PQC transition highlights fundamental challenges in current cryptographic practices
- Crypto-agility provides a structured approach to managing cryptographic change
- Flexibility in cryptographic mechanisms enables long-term resilience
- Achieving crypto-agility introduces its own set of technical and organizational challenges
- PQC transition is a multi-year enterprise-level challenge
→ Preparation should start now

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Playbook